

The Biggest Battles of the Civil War: The Story of the Civil War

The American Civil War was one of the most significant conflicts in American history. It was fought between the Union and the Confederacy, two sides that had very different views on the future of the United States. The war lasted for four years and resulted in the deaths of over 600,000 people.

The Civil War was fought on many different fronts, and there were many large and important battles. Some of the most famous battles of the war include the Battle of Gettysburg, the Battle of Antietam, and the Battle of Vicksburg. These battles were all turning points in the war, and they helped to shape the outcome of the conflict.



The Biggest Battles of the Civil War (The Story of the Civil War) by Molly Kolpin

★★★★☆ 4.9 out of 5

Language	: English
File size	: 12588 KB
Text-to-Speech	: Enabled
Screen Reader	: Supported
Enhanced typesetting	: Enabled
Word Wise	: Enabled
Print length	: 32 pages



In his book, *The Biggest Battles of the Civil War*, historian James McPherson provides a detailed account of each of these battles. He

describes the planning and execution of each battle, and he analyzes the aftermath and impact of each battle on the war. McPherson's book is a valuable resource for anyone who wants to learn more about the Civil War.

The Battle of Gettysburg

The Battle of Gettysburg was fought from July 1-3, 1863, in and around the town of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. It was the largest battle of the Civil War, and it resulted in the deaths of over 50,000 people. The battle was a turning point in the war, and it helped to lead to the eventual victory of the Union.

The Battle of Gettysburg began on July 1st, when Confederate forces under the command of General Robert E. Lee attacked Union forces under the command of General George Meade. The fighting was intense, and both sides suffered heavy losses. On July 2nd, the fighting continued, and the Confederates made some gains. However, the Union forces were able to hold their ground, and they eventually forced the Confederates to retreat.

On July 3rd, the fighting reached its peak. The Confederates launched a massive assault on the Union lines, but they were unable to break through. The Union forces held their ground, and they eventually forced the Confederates to retreat. The Battle of Gettysburg was a turning point in the war, and it helped to lead to the eventual victory of the Union.

The Battle of Antietam

The Battle of Antietam was fought on September 17, 1862, near the town of Sharpsburg, Maryland. It was one of the bloodiest battles of the Civil War, and it resulted in the deaths of over 22,000 people. The battle was a tactical draw, but it was a strategic victory for the Union.

The Battle of Antietam began on September 16th, when Confederate forces under the command of General Robert E. Lee crossed the Potomac River into Maryland. The Union forces, under the command of General George McClellan, pursued the Confederates and attacked them on September 17th.

The fighting was intense, and both sides suffered heavy losses. The battle raged for hours, and neither side was able to gain a clear advantage. However, the Union forces were able to prevent the Confederates from crossing the Potomac River into Pennsylvania.

The Battle of Antietam was a strategic victory for the Union. It prevented the Confederates from invading the North, and it boosted the morale of the Union troops. The battle also led to the Emancipation Proclamation, which freed all slaves in the Confederate-held territory.

The Battle of Vicksburg

The Battle of Vicksburg was fought from May 18 to July 4, 1863, in and around the city of Vicksburg, Mississippi. It was one of the most important battles of the Civil War, and it resulted in the surrender of the Confederate forces in Vicksburg.

The Battle of Vicksburg began on May 18th, when Union forces under the command of General Ulysses S. Grant began to besiege the city. The Confederates, under the command of General John C. Pemberton, were determined to hold the city, and they put up a fierce resistance.

The siege of Vicksburg lasted for over two months. The Union forces gradually tightened their grip on the city, and they eventually cut off the

Confederates' supply lines. On July 4th, the Confederates surrendered, and the Union forces took control of Vicksburg.

The Battle of Vicksburg was a major victory for the Union. It gave the Union control of the Mississippi River, and it split the Confederacy in two. The battle also led to the resignation of Confederate President Jefferson Davis.

The Civil War was a long and bloody conflict, but it was also a turning point in American history. The war led to the abolition of slavery, and it helped to create a more united and prosperous nation.

The Biggest Battles of the Civil War is a valuable resource for anyone who wants to learn more about this important conflict. The book provides a detailed account of each of the major battles of the war, and it analyzes the aftermath and impact of each battle on the war.



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